

# From Mizoen to the refuges of Les Mouterres and Le Fay

Oisans - Mizoën



Refuge des Clots et l'ancien hameau (Cyril Coursier)



*New fewer than three refuges are to be found along this Stage, which rises up to the heights of the Lac Du Chambon and its dam.*

Climb unhurriedly up into the tranquil heights where signs of the hand of man steer a course between wilderness and civilisation. Encounter sheep and sturdy mountain hamlets, and admire from afar the distant high mountains and legendary peaks of Les Ecrins.

## Useful information

Practice : By walk

Duration : 5 h

Length : 8.7 km

Trek ascent : 1105 m

Difficulty : Medium

Type : Stage

Themes : History and architecture, Lake and glacier, Pastoralism

# Trek

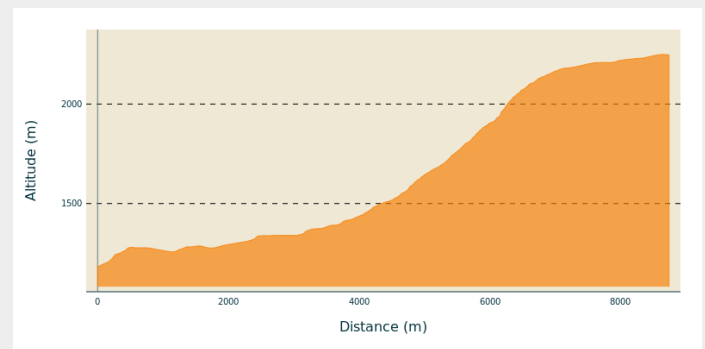
**Departure** : Mizoën - village centre

**Arrival** : Refuges of Les Moutherres and Le Fay

**Markings** :  GR

**Cities** : 1. Mizoën

## Altimetric profile



Min elevation 1183 m Max elevation 2250 m

From the church, go down through the village until you reach a crossroads. Take the road to the right of the library (leading to Les Aymes). You immediately come to a second crossroads, where you continue straight on a road that will turn into a path. Continue to follow this balcony path, below the road.

1. Then join the road and follow it for a few metres, and take a path on your right which will lead to the hamlet of Les Aymes.
2. From the car park in this hamlet, located at a crossroads, turn right onto the road that runs downhill and then carry straight on along this track which will gradually turn into a path. Stay on the path, carrying straight on at the various little intersections.
3. A few hundred metres beyond a small car park, take the path on the left which runs up the mountain side to a flat terrace.
4. Here, at the first discovery path sign, turn left (faster route) or right towards the Lac du Lovitel. You will then come to the hamlet of Les Clots (1,540 m).
5. Then, continue northwards following the La Pisse stream (be sure to follow the waysigns). Cross the upwelling area and continue uphill towards the east.
6. Join a country track and follow it as far as the refuges of Les Moutherres and Le Fay (2,258 m).



# On your path...



Common Midwife Toad (A)



Lovitel Lake (C)



Purple Loosestrife (B)



Petrifying Fountain (D)

# All useful information

## **Advices**

Mountain biking is prohibited on the GR50 due to the fragility of the natural heritage (Biotope Protection Order).

# Environmental sensitive areas

Along your trek, you will go through sensitive areas related to the presence of a specific species or environment. In these areas, an appropriate behaviour allows to contribute to their preservation. For detailed information, specific forms are accessible for each area.

## Short-toed snake eagle

Sensitivity period: March, April, May, June, July, August, September

Contact: Parc National des Écrins  
Julien Charron  
[julien.charron@ecrins-parcnational.fr](mailto:julien.charron@ecrins-parcnational.fr)

Nidification du Circaète-Jean-le-Blanc

Les pratiques qui peuvent avoir une interaction avec le Circaète-Jean-le-Blanc en période de nidification sont principalement les pratiques aériennes comme le vol libre ou le vol motorisé.

Merci d'essayer d'éviter la zone ou de rester à une distance minimale de 300m sol quand vous la survolez soit 1840m d'altitude !

## Information desks

### Oisans Park house

Rue Gambetta, 38520 Le Bourg d'Oisans  
[oisans@ecrins-parcnational.fr](mailto:oisans@ecrins-parcnational.fr)  
Tel : 04 76 80 00 51  
<http://www.ecrins-parcnational.fr/>



## Source



Parc national des Ecrins

<https://www.ecrins-parcnational.fr>

# On your path...

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## Common Midwife Toad (A)

In Spring, a short note emitted at regular intervals resonates around the lake. It is the mating season for this small terrestrial grey toad, mottled with black and brown; it is the male toad's song to attract the females. A peculiarity of this anuran is that the male uses his back legs to surround the string of ova laid by the female to fertilize them with a jet of semen mixed with urine. In this way he watches over the eggs for several weeks. When they are on the point of hatching, he goes to the water and frees the young frogspawn.

Attribution : Marc Corail - PNE

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## Purple Loosestrife (B)

During the whole summer, the Purple Loosestrife, with its beautiful purple spikes, sprinkles the small Lovitel lake with colour. Considered to be a weed to be destroyed, it does however hold a position among the most useful plants (plants with medicinal properties). Its astringent properties, among others, deem it to be a good remedy against colic in infants when teething. In the kitchen, its young shoots and the flesh of its stalks used to be consumed as a vegetable. The leaves could also be infused like tea.

Attribution : Cyril Coursier - PNE

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## Lovitel Lake (C)

In addition to being one of the rare wetlands at altitude on the highest part of the Romanche, Lovitel Lake unusually partially dries out during the summer and turns in to a marsh. In this way it becomes ideal for the development of amphibians who benefit from the absence of fish, their predators. Furthermore, the ecological quality of the environment is remarkable... Several species of great natural value are present at this site, notably the Adder's Tongue Fern and the Small Meadow Rue, both protected regionally.

Attribution : Cyril Coursier - PNE



## Petrifying Fountain (D)

The water that crosses the Emparis plateau which is composed of permeable sedimentary rock, fills up with Calcium bicarbonate. When, lower down, it comes in to contact with the impermeable crystalline rock layer of the Hercynien granitic base, the water follows a fault plane established between two layers and finishes in an aerial waterfall. The dissolved carbonates are transformed into a soft rock called Tuff by their contact with the air which has accumulated there for millennium. This resurgence, or petrifying fountain, is one of the most beautiful in France.

Attribution : Cyril Coursier - PNE